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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/595,783	06/16/2000	Robert Adams .	042390.P2248C4	3212	
7590 12/24/2003			EXAMINER		
Daniel E Ovanezian			LONSBERRY, HUNTER B		
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			2611	9	
			DATE MAILED: 12/24/2003	/	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		cation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)				
		95,783	ADAMS ET AL.	ADAMS ET AL.				
		iner	Art Unit					
The MAIL ING DATE of this second		er B. Lonsberry	2611	1-1				
Period for Reply	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co.  - If the period for reply specified above, is less than thirt.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximun.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re.  - Any reply received by the Office later than three montle earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)  Status	NICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In ormunication. y (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply a ply will, by statute, cause the safter the mailing date of the safter the mailing date.	no event, however, may a r e statutory minimum of thir and will expire SIX (6) MON e application to become AB	eply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timel ITHS from the mailing date of this c BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>25 Se<i>ptemt</i></u>	<u>oer 2003</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action	is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 47-98</u> is/are pe	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 47-98</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
<u> </u>	6) Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 47-98</u> is/are rejected.							
	)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to. )□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
	inction and/or electi	on requirement.						
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 16 June 2000 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some * c) None of the prior Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation * See the attached detailed Office acts 13) Acknowledgment is made of a clair since a specific reference was inclusive as a prior to the foreign 14) Acknowledgment is made of a clair reference was included in the first states.	f: ity documents have ity documents have es of the priority doc itional Bureau (PCT ition for a list of the in for domestic priori ided in the first sent language provisional in for domestic priori	been received. been received in A cuments have been Rule 17.2(a)). certified copies not ity under 35 U.S.C. ence of the specific al application has b ity under 35 U.S.C.	application No I received in this National received. § 119(e) (to a provisional ation or in an Application een received. §§ 120 and/or 121 since	al application) Data Sheet. a specific				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1448)		· —	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No( nformal Patent Application (PTo					

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#### DETAILED ACTION

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-10, 12-20, 47-57, 68-90, and 94-97 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patent 6,173,317 to Chaddha in view of U.S. Patent 6,128,653 to del Val.

Regarding claims 1, 9, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a device 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device and associated web content is retrieved for display with the video (column 7, line 15-column 9. line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34). Chaddha does not disclose and interactive command function specified by the associated data stream. Del Val discloses utilizing HTTP protocol for streaming digital media, a user's browser, or browser plugin utilizes HTTP to send play, stop, rewind, fast-forward and pause commands to

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the web server/video server (Figure 5, column 8, line 64-column 9, line 60).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha to utilize HTTP commands to control a data stream as taught by del Val and enable the transmission of video across a firewall.

Regarding claim 3, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha inherently utilizes a packet identifier to indicate that data type of a packet, otherwise the computer 240 would not know which packets are to be decoded by video decoder 964 and which are to be processed by the browser.

Regarding claims 4-7, Chaddha discloses in Figure 6, a browser window 600, with video window 610, and supplementary content windows 630/640, a designer utilizes HTML to create a display screen for a user and specifies the location of each element on the screen (column 6, lines 22-34).

Regarding claim 8, Chaddha discloses the use of VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34).

Regarding claim 10, Chaddha discloses the use of an audio time track 770 synchronized with the video, and that audio is decoded by decoder 964 (column 6, line 52-column 7, line 59).

Regarding claims 12-15, 17-18, 94-97 Chaddha discloses in Figure 6, a browser window 600, with video window 610, and supplementary content windows 630/640, a designer utilizes HTML to create a display screen for a user and specifies the location of each element on the screen (column 6, lines 22-34),

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VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34). Chaddha inherently specifies a color palate, location of objects on the screen, coordinate scale, background color, text and text attributes as Chaddha utilizes HTML to create the display screen.

Regarding claim 16, Chaddha discloses that a user may use a keyboard or a pointing device to interact with the video/annotation data (column 4, lines 59-65). Chaddha/del Val does not disclose specifying a selection device. The examiner takes official notice that specifying a computer peripheral for interacting with a program is well known in the art, for example, specifying a mouse to interact with a window or a joystick to play a game. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha and del Val to specify a device to interact with a selection onscreen in order to provide a familiar user interface.

Regarding claim 19, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha inherently filters the data by destination address as it retrieves the video and html information from the internet and utilizes HTML get requests (column 5, line 10-column 6, line 34, column 8, lines 31-64), and the content must be directed to the proper location within the computer in order to be decoded and processed.

Regarding claim 20, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha

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inherently filters the data by source address as it uses URLs to locate the video/supplementary content streams (column 7, line 15-column 8, line 59).

Regarding claims 72-89, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a computer 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modern, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5), additionally Chaddha discloses that microprocessor 116 controls the computer 100 and controls the reception and manipulation of input data and supplies the data to be output on display devices (column 4, lines 10-32). Chaddha inherently specifies a color palate, location of objects on the screen, text and text attributes as Chaddha utilizes HTML to create the display screen. Chaddha does not disclose and interactive command function specified by the associated data stream. Del Val discloses utilizing HTTP protocol for streaming digital media, a user's browser, or browser plugin utilizes HTTP to send play, stop, rewind, fast-forward and pause commands to the web server/video server (Figure 5, column 8, line 64-column 9, line 60). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of

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invention to modify Chaddha to utilize HTTP commands to control a data stream as taught by del Val and enable the transmission of video across a firewall.

Regarding claim 90, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a computer 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5), additionally Chaddha discloses that microprocessor 116 controls the computer 100 and controls the reception and manipulation of input data and supplies the data to be output on display devices (column 4, lines10-32). Chaddha inherently scales the video window 610 as Chaddha utilizes HTML.

Regarding claim 98, Chaddha discloses in Figure 6, a browser window 600, with video window 610, and supplementary content windows 630/640, a designer utilizes HTML to create a display screen for a user and specifies the location of each element on the screen (column 6, lines 22-34), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34).

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Chaddha and del Val do not disclose the use of a text background transparency attribute. The examiner takes official notice that the use of an HTML transparency attribute is well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha and del Val to include an HTML transparency attribute in order to better organize a combination HTML video display.

Claims 2, 11, 47,48, 51-54, 62-71 and 91-93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patent 6,173,317 to Chaddha in view of U.S. Patent 5,991,799 to Yen.

Regarding claims 2, 11, 62, 65, 66, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a device 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15-column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5). Chaddha does not disclose a video stream coded in video scan intervals and the data stream being coded in the non-video scan intervals of the video signal. Yen discloses a video system, in which supplementary content is transmitted in the vertical blanking interval of broadcast

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video or in MPEG 2 video (column 4, line 34-column 5, line 53). Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha to transmit additional information within the VBI in order to provide supplementary content to a user without internet access.

Regarding claims 47,48, 51, and 68-71, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a computer 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15-column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5), additionally Chaddha discloses that microprocessor 116 controls the computer 100 and controls the reception and manipulation of input data and supplies the data to be output on display devices (column 4, lines 10-32). Chaddha does not disclose data packets specifying a graphical command or a video stream coded in video scan intervals and the data stream being coded in the non-video scan intervals of the video signal. Del Val discloses utilizing HTTP protocol for streaming digital media, a user's browser, or browser plugin utilizes HTTP to send play, stop, rewind, fast-forward and pause commands to the web server/video server

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(Figure 5, column 8, line 64-column 9, line 60). Yen discloses a video system, in which supplementary content is transmitted in the vertical blanking interval of broadcast video or in MPEG 2 video (column 4, line 34-column 5, line 53). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha to utilize HTTP commands to control a data stream as taught by del Val and enable the transmission of video across a firewall and to transmit additional information within the VBI/MPEG stream as taught by Yen in

order to provide supplementary content to a user without internet access.

Regarding claims 52-54, Chaddha discloses that both the audio/video/annotation streams are synchronized (column 7, line 15-column 9, line 30) and that graphics are displayed on a monitor 104 (column 3, line 64column 4, line 10, column 8, lines 3-13) and a video/audio decoder and renderer 965 are used to process the video/audio, in figures 9 and 10A, Chaddha shows a computer 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5), additionally Chaddha discloses that

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microprocessor 116 controls the computer 100 and controls the reception and manipulation of input data and supplies the data to be output on display devices (column 4, lines 10-32).

Regarding claim 63, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha inherently filters the data by source address as it uses URLs to locate the video/supplementary content streams (column 7, line 15-column 8, line 59).

Regarding claim 64, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha inherently filters the data by destination address as it retrieves the video and html information from the internet and utilizes HTML get requests (column 5, line 10-column 6, line 34, column 8, lines 31-64), and the content must be directed to the proper location within the computer in order to be decoded and processed.

Regarding claim 67, Chaddha discloses that the video and annotation streams may be retrieved via the internet (column 8, lines 46-59). Chaddha inherently filters the data by source address as it uses URLs to locate the video/supplementary content streams (column 7, line 15-column 8, line 59). Chaddha inherently filters the data by destination address as it retrieves the video and html information from the internet and utilizes HTML get requests (column 5, line 10-column 6, line 34, column 8, lines 31-64), and the content must be directed to the proper location within the computer in order to be decoded and processed.

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Regarding claims 91-93, Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a device 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5). Yen discloses a video system, in which supplementary content is transmitted in the vertical blanking interval of broadcast video or in MPEG 2 video (column 4, line 34-column 5, line 53). Chaddha and Yen do not disclose the use of a modem coupled to a cable, satellite, or broadcast transmitter. The examiner takes official notice that the use of a modem coupled to a transmitter for inserting VBI data is well known in the art. Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha/Yen to transmit additional information within the VBI in order to provide supplementary content to a user without internet access, by coupling a modem to a transmitter.

Claims 58-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patent 6,173,317 to Chaddha in view of U.S. Patent 5,991,799 to Yen, U.S. Patent 6,128,653 to del Val and U.S. Patent 5,512,935 to Majeti.

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Regarding claims 58, 60, and 61 Chaddha discloses in figures 9 and 10A, a device 240 which receives both a video stream and an annotation stream associated with the video, a video images is displayed on a display device 104 and associated web content is retrieved for display with the audio/video, the data is resembled and decoded by decoder 964 and renderer 965 (column 7, line 15column 9, line 30), VCR like control buttons 620 and a table of contents window 630, which are selectable and change the display of the video and associated content (column 6, lines 22-34), a producer utilizes a workstation and HTML to create a Livescreen display for viewing at the user's computer (column 6, lines 22-34), a POTS modem, ISDN or Ethernet may connect a client computer 240 to a server 220 (column 6, line1-5). Chaddha/Yen/del Val does not disclose a computer coupled to the receiver. Majeti discloses in Figure 1, consumer premise equipment 20, in which pc 74 is coupled to STB 62 and CATV headend 30N. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha, Yen and del Val to couple it to the receiver as taught by Majeti thus providing a high speed downlink to both devices for rapid delivery of content.

Regarding claim 59, Chaddha discloses a device 240, which receives audio/video and associated content from a server 220. Chaddha/Majeti do not disclose the use of a satellite receiver. The examiner takes official notice that use of a satellite receiver for receiving video and internet content is well known in the art, for example DBS satellite services. Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Chaddha/Majeti to utilize a

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satellite receiver in order to make use of its large downstream bandwidth in areas in which CATV service is not provided.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hunter B. Lonsberry whose telephone number is 703-305-3234. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday during normal business hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Faile can be reached on 703-305-4380. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-5359.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-4700.

**HBL** 

ANDREW FAILE
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ENGLOGY CENTER 2600